User manual BS1000 LAN base station

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Introduction

The BS1000 is a receiver station for the AREXX Multi Logger system. Like the BS500 station, the BS1000 receives sensor data via wireless transmission and sends these data via a USB interface to a PC. The additional Ethernet link enables the BS1000 to send measured values via a TCP/IP protocol. This interface allows also the transmission of Messenger e-mails. In addition to that, the built-in web server can display recent measurement values. **With the latest software it is also possible to synchronize the data of several BS-1000 or BS-500 receivers.**

Package of the LAN Base Station

Contents of the package:
1. LAN Base Station module
2. USB cable
3. Power supply net adapter 5V DC.
4. CD-ROM including the software and user manual

Please check if the package contains all parts and contact your dealer if the package is not complete.

BS-1000

Front

Back

1. On/Off switch
2. Red LED
3. Blue LED
4. Green LED
5 LAN connector
6. USB connector
7. DC connector

LED functions:

Red LED LED is on when the BS-1000 is powered on.
Blue LED Blinks when the BS-1000 receives sensor data
Green LED

- Off: network and flash memory storage are not active
- On: network not active, flash storage active,
- Blinks short on and long off: network active, no flash storage
- Blinks long on and short off: network active, flash storage active

Software Installation

Prior to using the BS1000 via USB, you have to install the supplied software on your PC. Insert the supplied CD-ROM into the CD drive of your PC. After insertion the installation wizard will appear. If the automatic set up has been disabled in your Windows software, you can activate the window by opening the Explorer file, go to the CD drive and double-click on the *default.htm* file.
Select your language on the installation screen and then select the installation option. Follow the instructions on the screen.

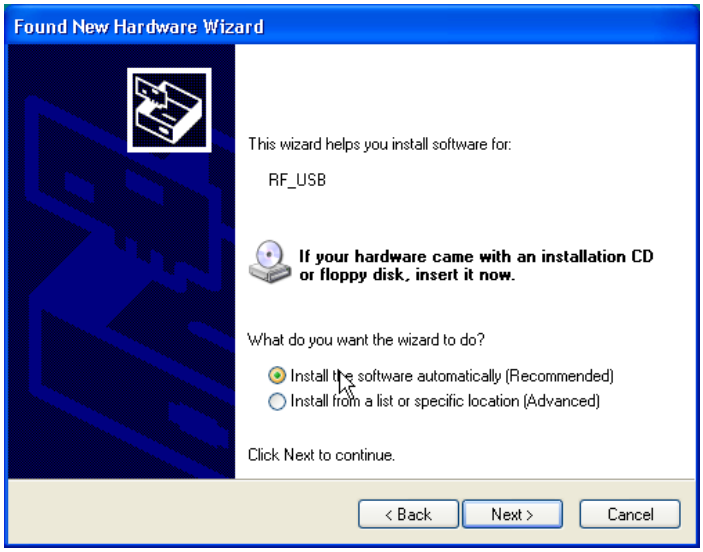
Installation of the receiver

Once you have installed the software and connected the BS1000 to the 5V power supply, you can connect the receiver module (BS1000) to your computer via the supplied USB lead. Windows will now start installing the required RF_USB driver. Depending on your Windows version, the installation process may slightly vary:

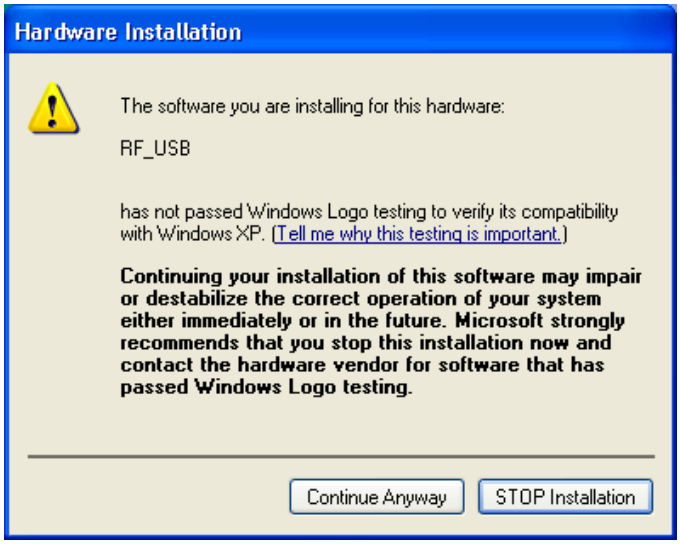
Windows XP:

Found New Hardware Wizard
Welcome to the Found New Hardware Wizard
Windows will search for current and updated software by looking on your computer, on the hardware installation CD, or on the Windows Update Web site (with your permission).
Read our privacy policy
Can Windows connect to Windows Update to search for software?
Yes, this time only
Yes, now and every time I connect a device
No, not this time
Click Next to continue.
< Back
Next >
Cancel

Please select ‘No, not this time’ and click on ‘Next’.

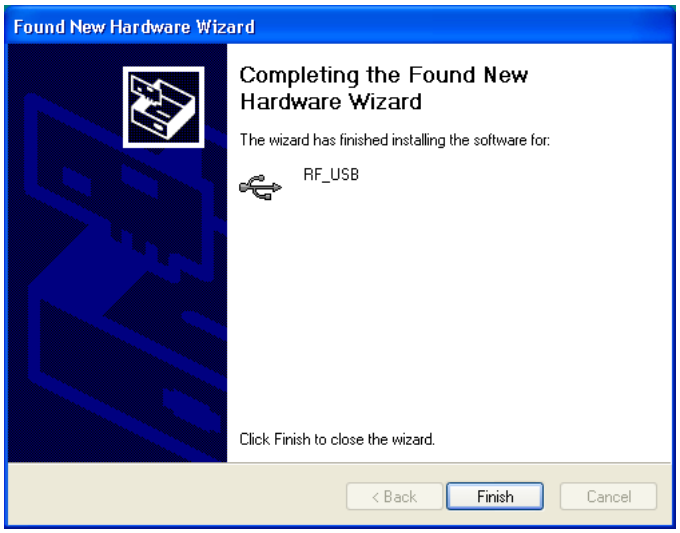

Found New Hardware Wizard
This wizard helps you install software for:
RF_USB
If your hardware came with an installation CD or floppy disk, insert it now.
What do you want the wizard to do?
Install the software automatically (Recommended)
Install from a list or specific location (Advanced)
Click Next to continue.
< Back
Next >
Cancel

Choose the automatic software installation and click on ‘Next’


Hardware Installation
The software you are installing for this hardware:
RF_USB
has not passed Windows Logo testing to verify its compatibility with Windows XP. (Tell me why this testing is important.)
Continuing your installation of this software may impair or destabilize the correct operation of your system either immediately or in the future. Microsoft strongly recommends that you stop this installation now and contact the hardware vendor for software that has passed Windows Logo testing.
Continue Anyway
STOP Installation

A Windows-Logo test has not been requested for the RF_USB-driver.

Therefore click on: ‘Continue Anyway’.



When the installation is complete, click on ‘Finish’.

Once the driver has been installed, you can start the application.
You can start the program via the start menu: Start->All Programs->Temperature-Logger.

On the left side a (still empty) sensor list is displayed. On the right side is a space for a graphic display of the measured temperature curves. On the left bottom side of the screen a status bar displays the message 'Ready'.

Software operation

The temperature data will be received and stored as soon as the Windows system has been started. Therefore it is not necessary to start the temperature-logger program to store new data.

The program offers following functions:
•Graphic display of the measured temperatures for every individual sensor
•Settings for every individual sensor
•Export data in various formats

For further details please refer to the on-line help for the program.

In addition to that, the CD contains two extra tools: the *NetworkConfig* program to help you detect the network parameters that the BS1000 is using, and the *RuleEditor* which is a tool to build the *messenger-control* file that you need to control the built-in *Messenger* facility. Furthermore, the BS1000 web server offers some administrative pages for various settings.

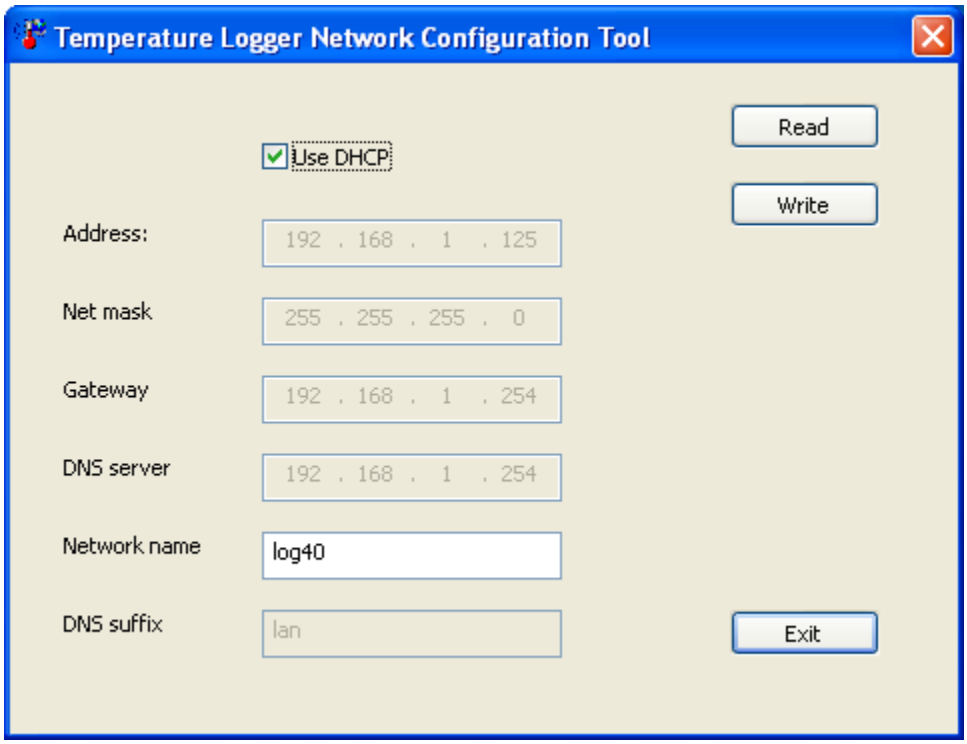
NetworkConfig

The *NetworkConfig*-tool requests the network parameters of a BS1000 connected via USB. To this end, the temperature-logger software should be installed already. These network parameters allow you to look directly at the BS1000 web server. The standard settings of the BS1000 sets the network name to 'log' followed by two digits. This name is depicted on the BS1000 housing. With this name you can browse directly to the webserver of the BS1000. The networkconfig tool is used to read or change its network settings directly, if first connection is not possible.

In addition to the data logger, the web server contains administrative pages in which you can set the parameters of the various functions:

- Network parameter
- E-mail parameter
- Messenger parameter
- Sensor parameter
- Internet time parameter
- Password
- Event Log parameter

In conjunction to the temperature logger software, the network config program displays following window:



The window contains the following fields:

- *Use DHCP*: If this box is checked, the BS1000 will use the network settings of an available DHCP server. In this case, the other fields below remain inactive. If this box is not checked, the network settings are static and the other fields must be filled in.
- Address: the current IP address of the BS1000
- NetMask: the utilized net mask setting
- Gateway: the utilized Gateway-address
- DNS server: the current DNS server
- Network name: the network name of the BS1000
- DNS suffix: the network suffix as indicated by the BS1000.

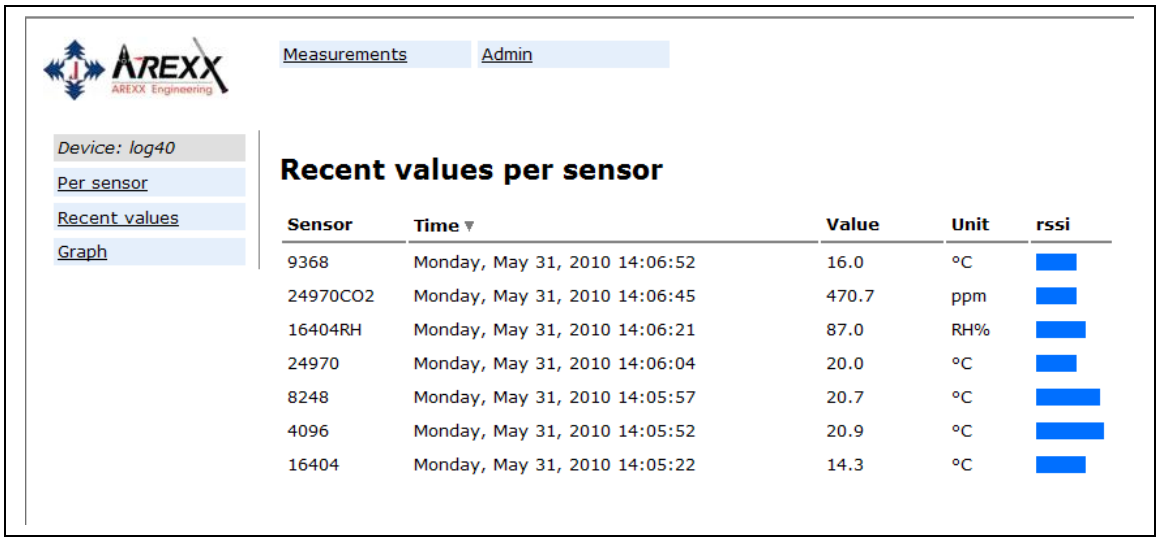
The Read button asks the BS1000 to supply the parameters.
The Write button writes the parameters into the BS1000.

The BS1000 web server is located at the address defined by the network name, followed by the DNS network addition. In the example shown above the BS1000 is located at the address: http://log40.lan.
The standard network name is 'log', followed by 2 digits. This name is indicated on the housing of the BS1000.
This method allows you to browse directly to the indicated address without any tools.

BS1000 Web server

The built-in web server contains a few pages of the most recent measurements. Moreover the program offers administrative pages for various settings.
The BS1000 web server is located at the address that has been defined by the network name, followed by the DNS network addition. Please note that an eventual blocking by a firewall and/or browser should be disabled as long as these apply to the BS1000.

For every single sensor, the Initial page shows the most recent measurements:



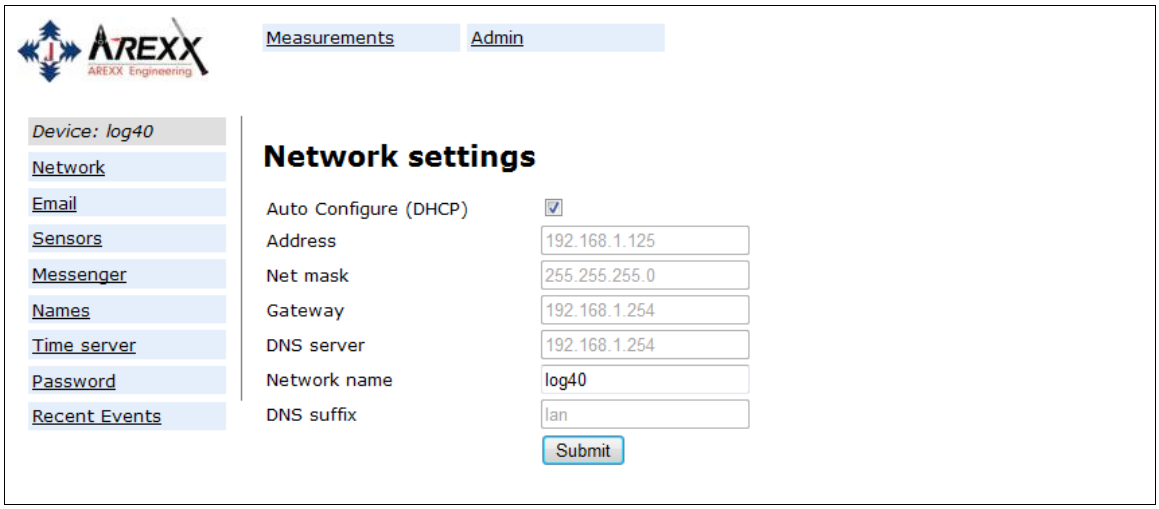
In this case, the latest measurement received per sensor is registered. The time indication is formatted according to the standard setting of the computer. The rssi column displays the radio strength of the signal received.

You can access the admin pages via the link called 'Admin' on top of the screen.

After entering the User ID and the password (the standard settings are *admin/admin*) the program activates following window:

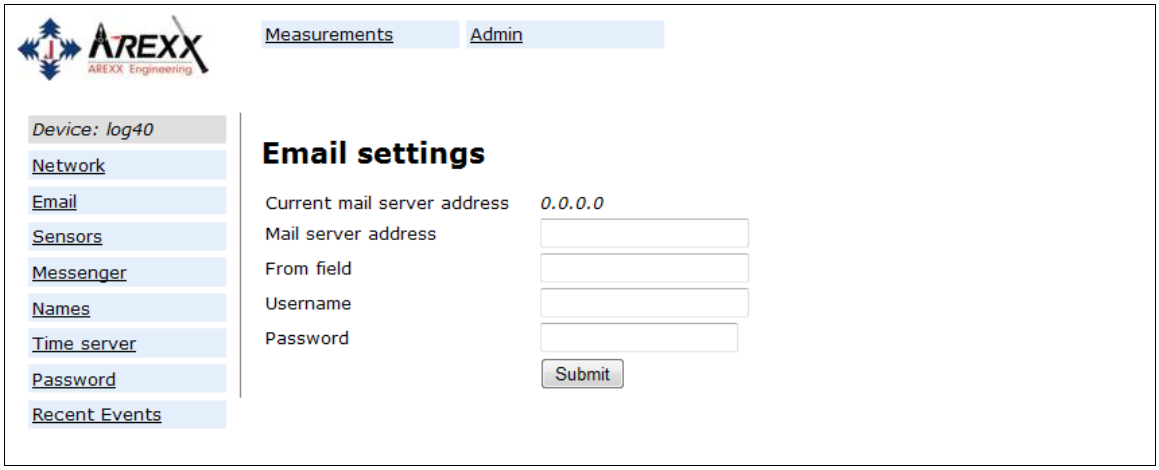
The active Firmware version is displayed on the screen. Further down we will explain the links in the left column:

Network



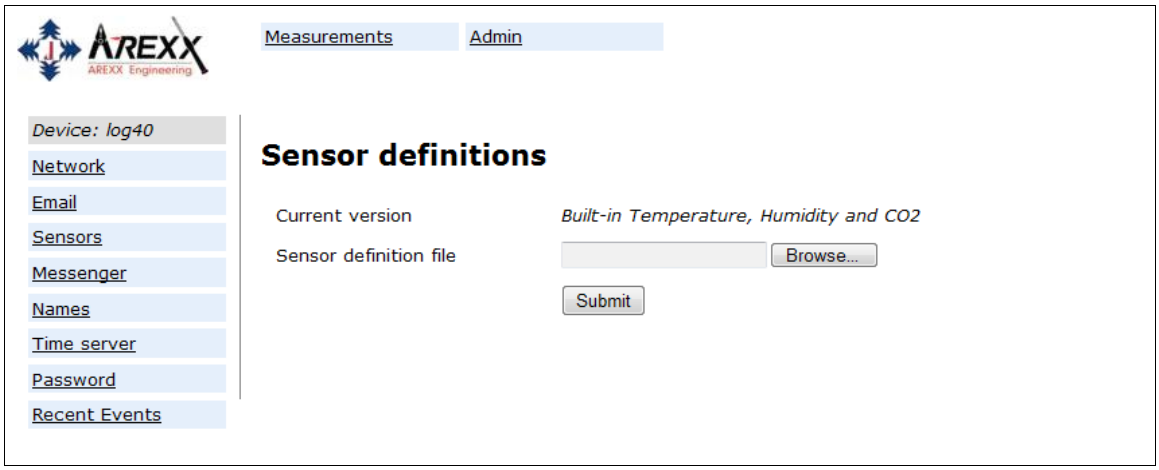
This window contains the same data that have already been explained in the NetworkConfig tool. You might update the settings via the Submit button, if necessary.

E-mail



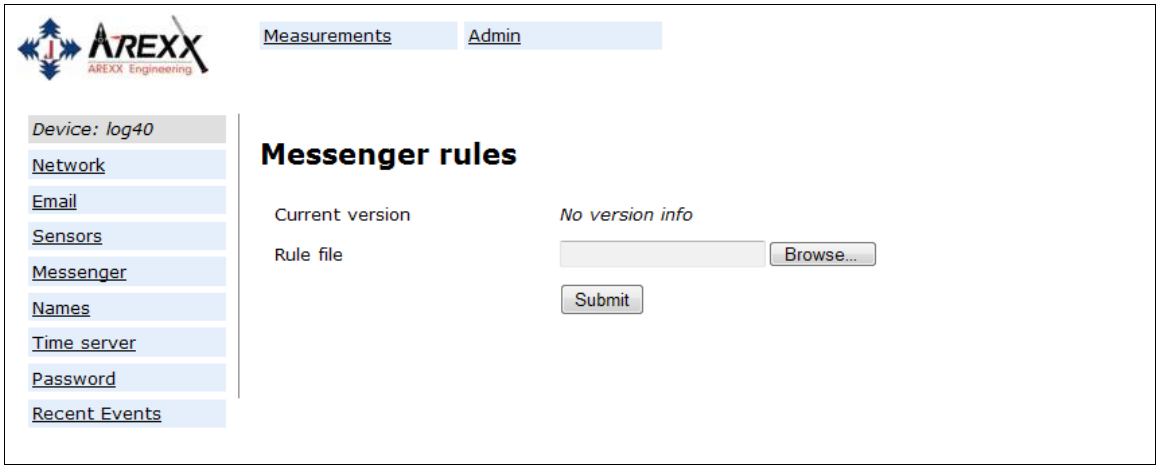
This page determines the data of the e-mail server address that is used to send the Messenger records to an e-mail address.
The 'From field' defines the e-mail address of the sender that is used for the transmission of the Messenger e-mail. In some cases, the user name and the password must be entered. This can be done in the two lower fields. However, in most cases the user name and the password are not required.

Sensors



The values of the incoming measurements are converted according to the sensor definition file. This definition file is an xml file that contains the required parameters for the conversion. If new sensor types are added, the relevant definition file can be uploaded here so that the BS1000 can use these indications for the operation. When you submit an empty file field, the default internal definition file is used.

Messenger

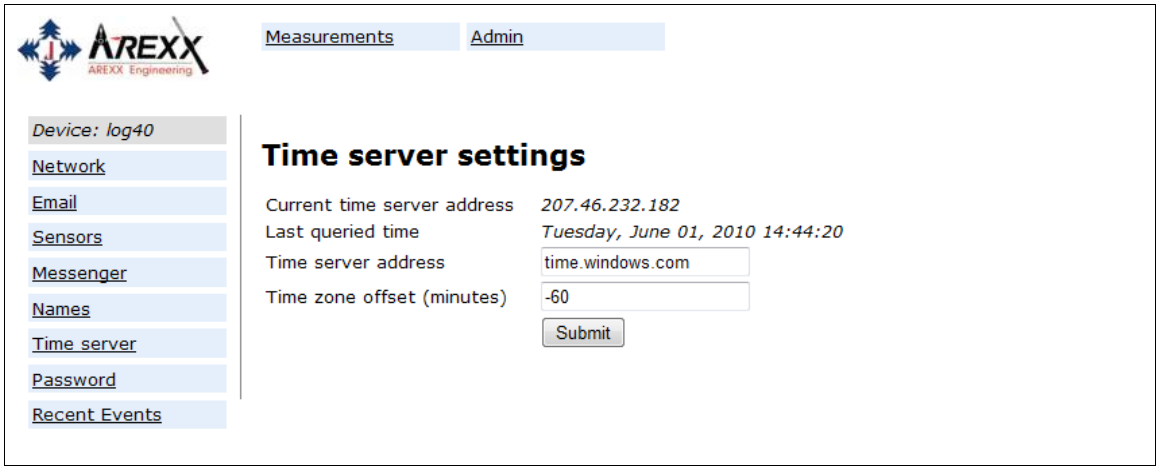


The Messenger is configured via a 'Rule file' that is set up via a so-called ‚*Rule Editor'* and which contains one or more Messenger rules. These indications define actions that are triggered as soon as one or more conditions are met. The currently valid 'Rule file' will be marked as „current version“. Further details are given in the description of the *Rule Editor*. When you submit an empty file field, the current rule file is erased, and no rules are applied.

Names

Instead of showing sensors by id, sensors can be shown by their names. An xml file with a namelist can be uploaded on this page. The namelist file is created by a small tool from the temperature logger software (Name list editor). Besides manual entry of names, a list can be imported by the tool from the temperature logger software.

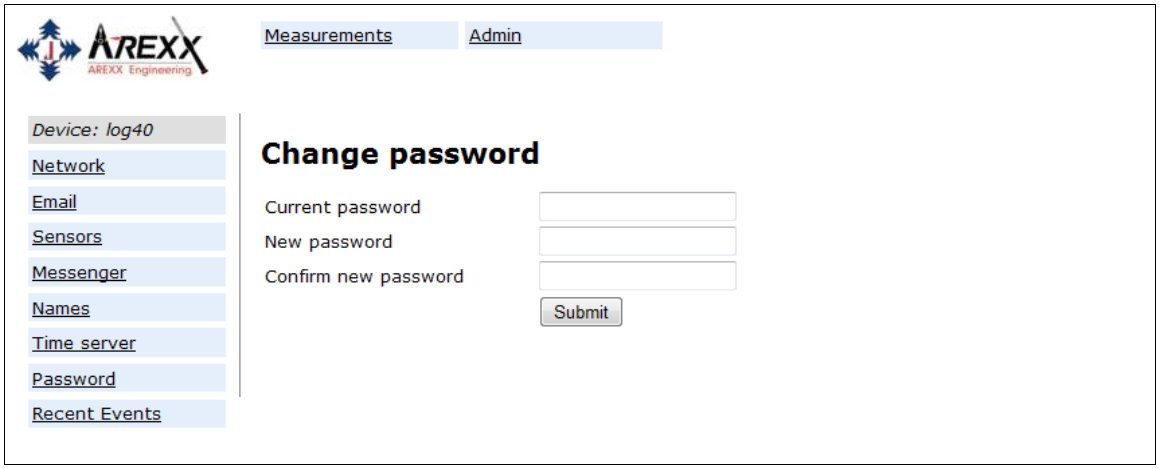
Time server



At the start up of the BS1000 and in certain time intervals (provided that the system has been configured accordingly), the time is requested from an Internet time server and the internal clock of the base system is updated by this time.
The clock of the BS1000 system is powered by a button cell when the station is switched off. Therefore the BS1000 system will always register new measurement data after switching on. This applies also for operation without PC nor network link.

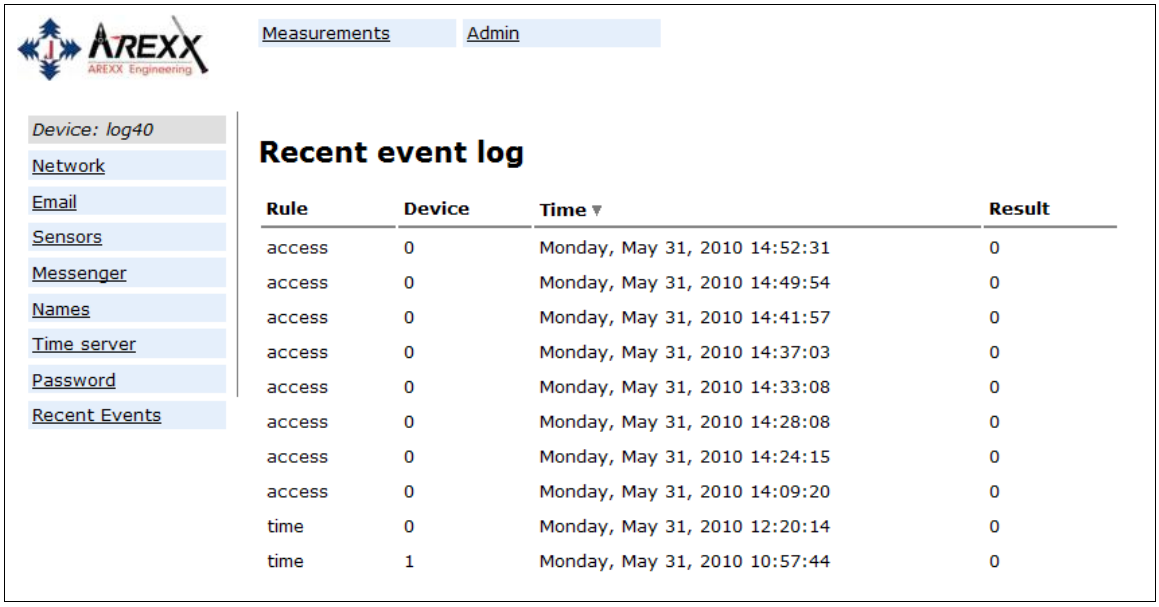
The Messenger function is based on the availability of the internal clock. This clock uses the standard time (UTC). The adjustment of the time zone is entered in minutes into the field „Time Zone Offset“. The time indicated on the web pages of the BS1000 is local time and based on the time parameters of the PC in charge of the browser.

Password



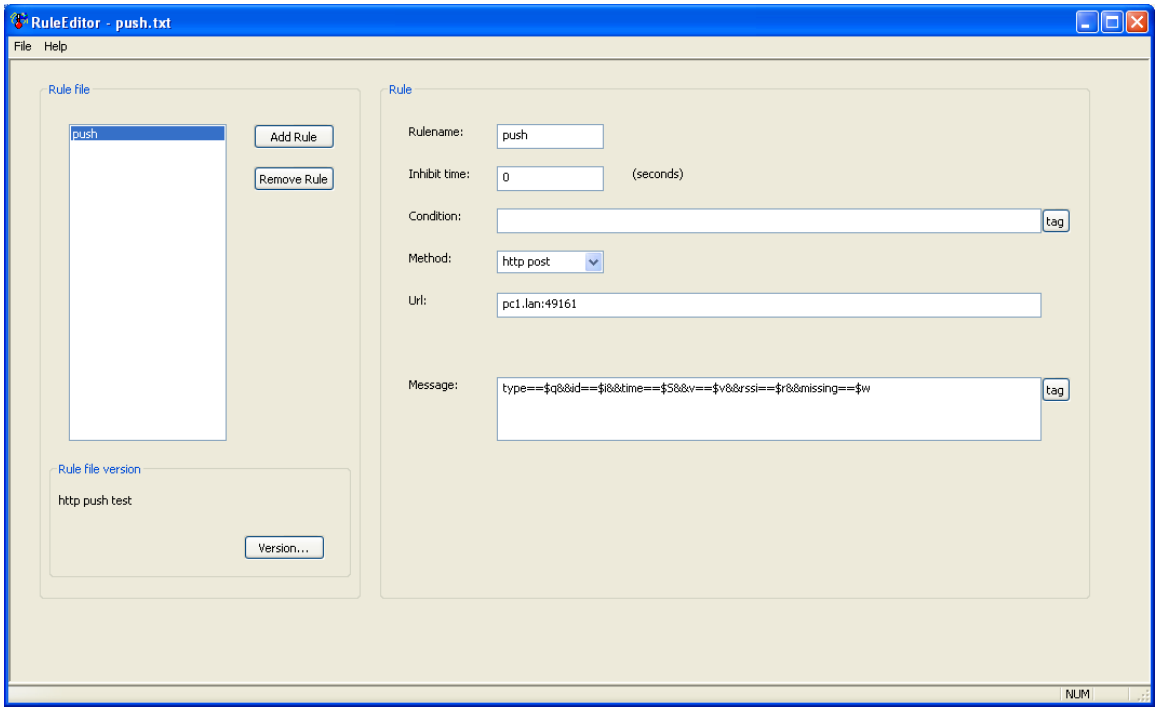
The admin pages of the BS1000 can only be accessed via a password. The standard password is 'admin' and can be changed on this page.

Recent Events



The Recent Events screen shows a short summary of the most recent events that the BS1000 has recorded. The results of the executed rule actions are indicated in lines per sensor. In addition to the executed rule actions, other events such as access to web pages and DHCP actions are recorded.

Rule Editor



The Rule-Editor is a tool for the creation of a “rule” file that is used by the BS1000 to control the built-in Messenger functions. The Messenger function allows the start of one or more actions based on an incoming measured value, if its associated condition is met.

The available actions are the transmission of an e-mail, the transmission of an HTTP request and the triggering of a built-in buzzer.

Following parameters are required depending on the type of action:

For an e-mail:
- Name of the rule
- Time lock for the rule
- Condition for the rule
- E-mail address
- Subject of the rule
- E-mail message

For an HTTP Request:
- Name of the rule
- Time lock for the rule
- Condition for the rule
- HTTP request type: GET or POST
- HTTP request URL
- HTTP Request message

For the buzzer:
- Name of the rule
- Time lock for the rule
- Condition for the rule

The inhibit time of the rule defines the number of seconds during which the rules remains inactive after the execution of an action.
The condition for a rule is a logic function that is evaluated in the context of the incoming measurement. The measured value and the related attributes are used as variables.

Following variables are available:

Variable	Description
$v	Measured value
$q	Sensor type 1 = Temperature (°C), 3 = RV% (%), 5=CO2 (ppm)
$i	Identification number of the sensor
$r	rssi-value (dBm)
$h	Indication of the hours in the time indication of the measurement
$m	Indication of the minutes in the time indication of the measurement
$s	Indication of the seconds in the time indication of the measurement
$Y	Indication of the year in the time indication of the measurement
$M	Indication of the month in the time indication of the measurement
$D	Indication of the day in the time indication of the measurement
$S	Measurement time in seconds since 1-1-2000 UTC
$c	Day of the week at the time of measurement (0=Sunday, 1=Monday...)
$a(*len*)	Current average value (*len* = Length in seconds)

Except for the $S, all time indications are expressed in UTC under consideration of the time zone offset indication in the config page screen *Time server*.
The time indication $S is expressed in UTC.

The condition is structured like a logic expression. Following logical comparison operators can be used for the definition: (<, <=, >, >=, <>, == en !=), as well as the logical operators AND (&&), OR(||) and NOT(!). Moreover the expression can be organised via the brackets „(„ and „)“.

Examples:

Expression	Description
$v<10	is *true* as soon as the measurement goes below the value 10 .
$v<10 && $i=8297	is *true* as soon as the measurement for sensor 8297 goes below the value 10.
($v<-10 || $v>10)&&c==0	is *true* as soon as the measurement goes below the value -10 or above10 and the day of the week is a Sunday.

The HTTP-report, the e-mail report and the subject line for the e-mail are text fields that can be fitted with variables. The value of a variable will be replaced by text when the message text is set up.

The list of variables is:

Variable	Description
$v	Measured value
$q	Sensor type 1 = Temperature (°C), 3 = RV% (%), 5=CO2 (ppm)
$i	Identification number of the sensor
$r	rssi-value (signal level value in dBm)
$h	Indication of the hours in the time indication of the measurement
$m	Indication of the minutes in the time indication of the measurement
$s	Indication of the seconds in the time indication of the measurement
$Y	Indication of the year in the time indication of the measurement
$M	Indication of the month in the time indication of the measurement
$D	Indication of the day in the time indication of the measurement
$S	Measurement time in seconds since 1-1-2000 UTC
$w	Missing; Time when the latest measured value has not been transmitted to the http server. Is required for the update of the temp-logger.
$t	*time string*; Time of measurement in the format: hh:mm:ss
$d	*datum string*; Date of the measurement in the short date format

Except for the $w and $S, all time indications are expressed in UTC under consideration of the time zone offset indication in the config page screen *Time server*.
The time indications $w and $S are expressed in UTC.

The HTTP request message is base64 encoded. This means that non-alphanumerical characters are converted into %hh-strings where „hh“ represents a hexadecimal figure. The lines '&&' and '==' are an exception: these are converted into '&', and '=' respectively. The message for the HTTP request is transmitted via the request header POST, or else added to the URL of the GET request. In this case, the separating sign '?' is added between the URL and the message.

Example of a message:

id==$i&&value==$v

In this example, a web server is programmed to decode the indicated string in two parameters 'id' and 'value'. This method allows to supply up-to-date data from the BS1000 to a web page without a running a PC.
This method is also used for the update of the Temperature Logger.

Buzzer

The buzzer is activated as soon as the condition has reached the value “true”. The buzzer is shut off automatically after 5 minutes. You can also switch off the buzzer by pressing the button on the rear panel of the BS1000.

Flashed data

A special xml page is implemented to let other software retrieve data from the BS1000. The page data.xml outputs flashed data within a given period.

The page is called with 4 parameters:

Parameter name	Type	Description
A	timestamp	Start of period; number of seconds since 1-1-2000
B	timestamp	End of period; number of seconds since 1-1-2000
C	integer	Sensor id
D	integer	Sensor type; 1=temperature, 3= RH%, 5=CO2

Example:

http://log77.lan/data.xml?A=327682224&B=327685203&C=4096&D=1

This call would result in the following dataset:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
  <measurements>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327682224">25.1</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327682287">39.5</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327682335">33.7</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327682378">30.7</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327682417">28.9</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327682493">26.8</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327682581">25.4</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327682660">24.7</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327682718">24.4</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327682783">24.1</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327682833">23.9</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327682877">23.8</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327682949">23.6</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327683003">23.5</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327683048">23.5</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327683119">23.4</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327683172">23.3</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327683217">23.3</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327683257">23.2</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327683295">23.2</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327683332">23.2</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327683408">23.2</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327683463">23.2</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327683533">23.1</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327683624">23.1</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327683687">23.1</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327683736">23.1</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327683778">23.1</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327683855">23.1</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327683942">23.1</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327684021">23.0</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327684078">23.0</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327684124">23.0</value>
  <value id="4096" type="1" t="327684165">23.1</value>
  <more>327684165</more>
  </measurements>
```

The data consists of the 'measurements' root element, which contains a list of 0, 1 or more value elements. Each value element represent a measurement, and it has the following attributes:

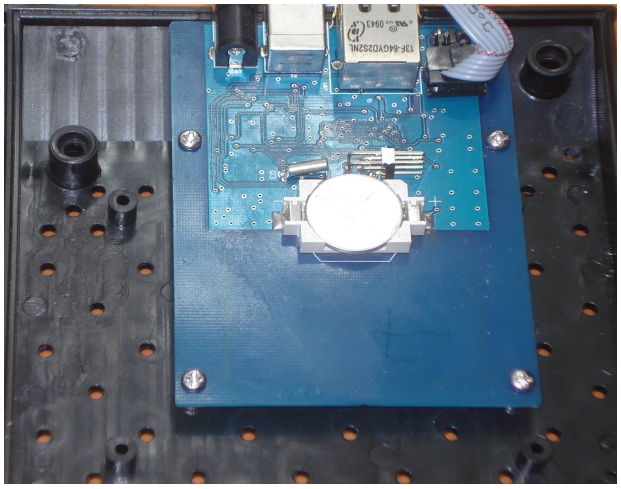
- id sensor id
- type sensor type; 1=temperature, 3= RH%, 5=CO2
- t timestamp; number of seconds since 1-1-2000

The measurement value itself is given as the element value.

Since data transfer could potentially take a long time, the resulting xml data may be truncated, as is the case in the above example. This is indicated by the 'more' element. The element value of the 'more' element gives the last timestamp that was examined in the flash memory. Note that this may not be the same as the last given value timestamp. When the more element is not present, the data is not truncated.

Battery

The BS1000 has a 3V Li CR2032 coin cell battery for powering the real time clock and the settings memory during power down.
We advise to replace the battery every 3 years. Actual lifetime of the battery depends on operating temperature, quality of the battery and the period of time it stays powered off. When the BS1000 is powered on continuously, then a battery life of over 10-15 years can be expected.



The coin battery cell is located at the centre of the circuit board of the BS1000.

Unlike the BS500, the BS1000 starts logging as soon as the BS1000 is powered on. No further requirements are necessary. The only exception is the first time use or when the coin battery was removed: Then the clock must be set, before logging can start. This can be done via the USB port, connected to the temperature logger software, or by a remote time server via the network.